







Granny flats

Where are the greatest opportunities for development?

October 2023

About



Archistar

Founded by Dr. Benjamin Coorey, a global expert in 3D generative design, Archistar is the world's leading digital platform for the property industry. The platform combines architectural design with artificial intelligence to inform decision-making in property and is used by agents, developers, architects, government planners and homeowners nationwide and internationally in Canada and USA.



CoreLogic is the largest independent provider of property information, analytics and property-related risk management services in Australia and New Zealand.



Blackfort is a revolutionary real estate lender, that focusses on the longtail funding needs of the commercial real estate debt market – AU\$750,000 to AU\$20 million. The company uses proprietary AI-led decision making to rapidly assess sites for their development potential enabling confident and rapid decision making for funders and developers alike.

► The Living+ solution, powered by Blackfort, provides homeowners with financing and construction options to build and operate a granny flat.



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Introduction

Australia, like other countries such as Canada and the USA, is facing a housing crisis, both in terms of supply and affordability affecting many Australians including critical community workers such as teachers, police and nurses unable to live in areas where their services are needed.

Housing shortages have been compounded by a range of factors, including the growth of single occupant households and a rise in migration to record levels alongside financial, trade skills and logistics challenges across the construction sector.

Rents are higher than ever, adding to cost of living pressures making it challenging to find a clear end in sight as demand continues to outrun supply.

Concerningly, analysis from the National Housing Finance and Investment Corporation (NHFIC) forecasts a supply shortfall of 106,300 homes in the next five years as the federal government sets a target of 1.2 million well-placed homes over this period.

There is clearly political recognition of the issues at federal and state levels, with an increasing stream of policy and incentive solutions being announced which have not yet been effective and may only have an impact over the medium to long term. There needs to be more

focus on addressing short term issues with pragmatic and immediate solutions engaging government and industry, leveraging construction innovation, well-placed real estate and frictionless finance.

One immediate opportunity for the private sector is demonstrated with this report. Blackfort and Archistar have collaborated to create the Living+ solution, which brings together industry knowledge, funding and technology to leverage existing well-placed land to increase supply by creating additional smaller dwellings, commonly known as granny flats, or more appropriately called secondary dwelling units.



What is a granny flat?

For the purposes of this report we have assumed a granny flat to be a self-contained two-bedroom / one-bathroom dwelling of at least 60 square metres internally.



Challenges

Rental unaffordability

The past few years has seen rental vacancy rates plummet to record lows, pushing rents higher at the fastest pace on record. With rent prices rising faster than household incomes across most cities, renting is increasingly unaffordable for lower income and vulnerable Australians.

Lack of rental supply

State governments have made efforts to improve the rental crisis, such as the ACT government capping rental increases to inflation plus 10%, Victorian legislation to remove no-grounds evictions and Queensland's legislation to limit rent raises to once per year. While these changes have been impactful to existing renters, they do not address the lack of rental supply and affordability.

Proposed solutions are constrained by time, regulations and industry shortages

Proposed solutions, such as incentivising build-to-rent

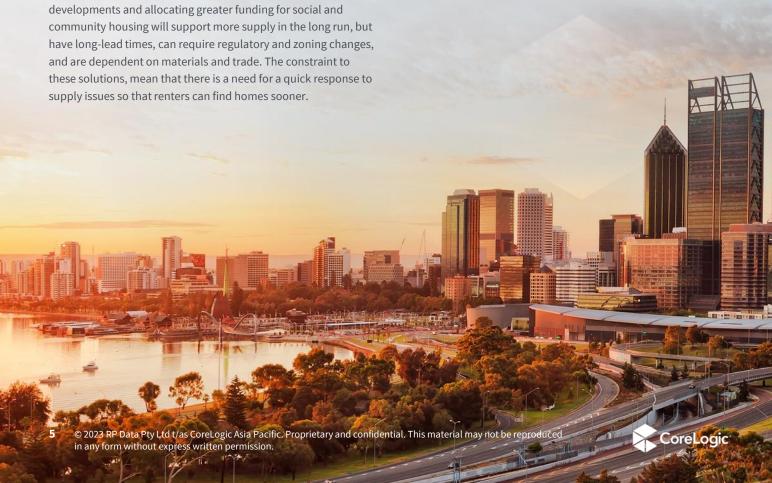


An immediate solution

While state and federal government consider initiatives to improve housing outcomes, a tangible, short-term solution is required.

One solution sits right under the nose of many landowners, being smaller homes or granny flats.

These can be premanufactured and installed on attractively located, preidentified sites at a low cost to homeowners or government and all within existing town planning guidelines.



Australia's housing sector

Australia's housing sector is forecast to be undersupplied by more than 100,000 dwellings over the next five years

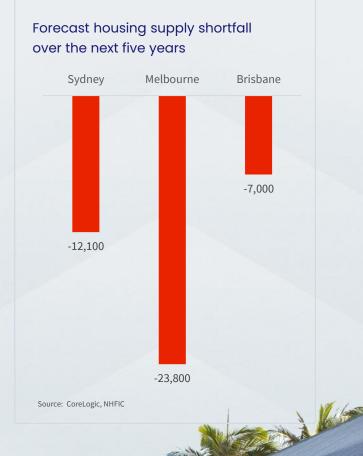
Analysis from the National Housing Finance and Investment Corporation (NHFIC) forecasts a housing supply shortfall of 106,300 homes over the next five years.

Across capital cities, the shortage is forecast to be most pronounced in Melbourne, at -23,800, while Sydney is expected to be undersupplied to the tune of -12,100 dwellings and Brisbane by -7,000 dwellings. NHFIC expects the undersupply will be most concentrated across the medium to high density sector, with a shortfall of 62,300 over the five years to 2027.

The persistent mismatch between new housing supply and household formation is likely to place upwards pressure on housing costs and create limited options for large parts of the rental market.

With the number of detached house approvals tracking 17% below the ten-year average in July and unit approvals 40% below the decade average, the number of newly built dwellings could be even lower than forecast over the short to medium term.

Given the difficulties governments have in addressing the housing crisis, and the pressing need to address shortfall, there is an opportunity for the private sector to step up to the plate.





The greatest opportunities for development

More than 655,000 residential properties suitable for a granny flat have been identified across Australia's three largest capitals

Based on the analysis from Archistar, Blackfort and CoreLogic, granny flats have the ability to quickly and affordably address some of the current housing crisis.

Across Australia's three largest capital cities there is the capacity to introduce 655,792 self-contained two-bedroom units as an addition to existing dwellings, providing an immediate opportunity to address the severe shortage of housing in these cities.

Of these sites, more than a third (36%) are within 2km of a train or light rail station and 17% have a hospital within the suburb boundary, demonstrating a combination of accessibility and a solid example of the opportunity to fast-track housing options for essential workers in the health care sector.

For homeowners, the addition of a second self-contained dwelling provides an opportunity to provide rental housing or additional accommodation for family members, while at the same time, increasing the value of their property and potentially attaining additional rental income.

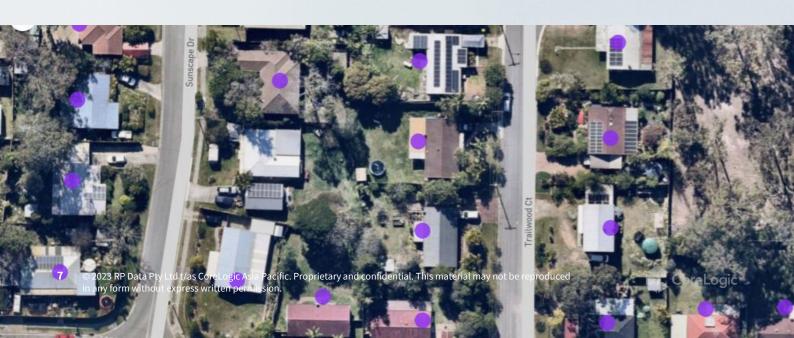
For policy makers and government, the national housing market is forecast to be undersupplied to the tune of 106,300 dwellings over the next five years. Granny flats present an

immediate and cost-effective opportunity to deliver much needed housing supply within existing town planning guidelines. Given recent announcement by the Victorian government on relaxing town planning rules and approvals, the potential of granny flats/secondary dwelling units to relieve supply pressure, increases even more.

The analysis is based on an assessment of planning controls and a spatial analysis of existing properties which identifies individual lots suitable for the construction of a granny flat based on the lot area and position of the existing home on the site. The results highlight significant untapped development potential for secondary dwellings across Sydney, Melbourne and Brisbane.

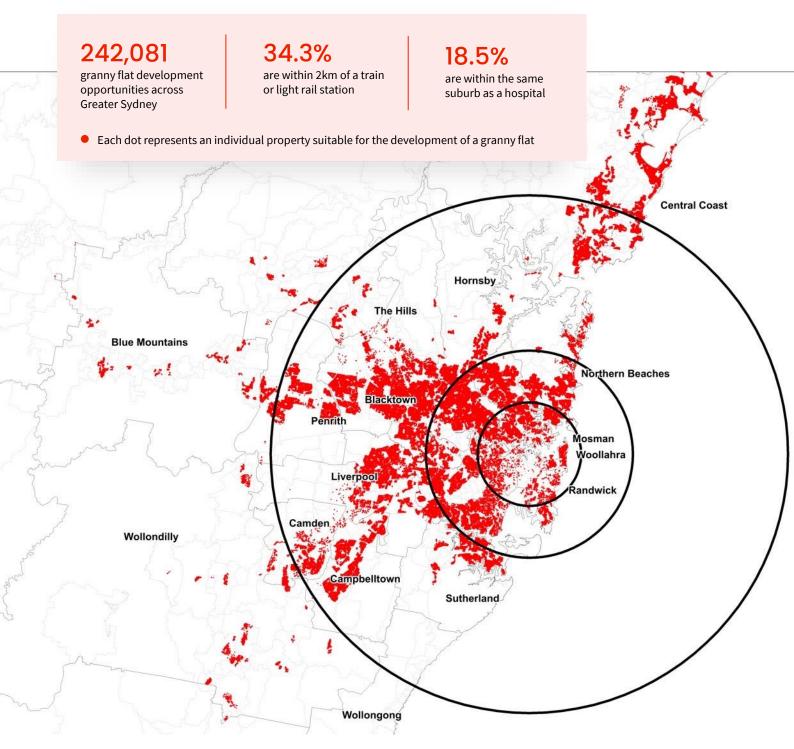
Sydney is home to the most granny flat development opportunities, with 242,081 existing residential dwellings fitting the zoning, land area and existing home position requirements to build a granny flat. Melbourne has the second largest number of sites available, at 229,051 while Brisbane has 184,660 sites available.

Blackfort's assessment of **manufacturing capability** has established that over 100,000 high quality, pre-fabricated granny flats could be provided over the next five years.



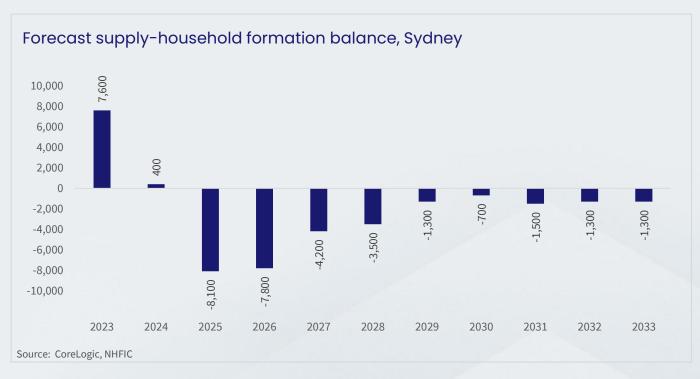
Sydney

Archistar, Blackfort and CoreLogic have identified 242,081 properties across the Sydney metro area that are suitable for developing a granny flat, representing 17.6% of all properties across the metro region.



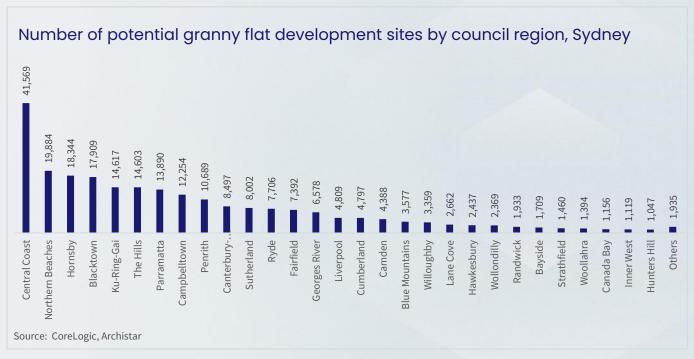


SYDNEY



Household formation is forecast to outpace new housing supply across Sydney from 2025, with the most significant undersupply expected through 2025 and 2026 at -15,900.

Housing demand is forecast to ease from 30,900 per annum in 2025 to around 28,800 per annum by 2030, while new dwelling supply is expected to rise from 22,800 per annum in 2025 to 28,100 per annum in 2030, however residential construction activity is setto remain insufficient relative to demand across the entire forecast period out to 2033.



Across the council areas of Sydney, the Central Coast provides the most granny flat development opportunities, with 41,569 sites, or 17.2% of all potential sites across the Greater Sydney area. The Northern Beaches (19,884 / 8.2%), Hornsby (18,344 / 7.6%), Blacktown (17,909 / 7.4%) and Ku-Ring-Gai (14,617 / 6.0%) rounding out the top five.



SYDNEY – Top 50 suburbs with the most granny flat development sites

| Suburb name | SA3 Name | Number of properties suitable for a granny flat | As a % of all sites | Average land area (sqm) | Same suburb as a hospital | % within 2km of a train station | Distance to GPO (km) |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Baulkham Hills | Baulkham Hills | 4,673 | 43.3% | 793 | Yes | 16.7% | 24.3 |
| Castle Hill (NSW) | Baulkham Hills | 4,423 | 39.8% | 856 | Yes | 65.8% | 24.3 |
| Cherrybrook | Baulkham Hills | 3,421 | 61.8% | 810 | No | 43.1% | 21.5 |
| Carlingford | Carlingford | 2,910 | 46.0% | 822 | No | 67.0% | 17.7 |
| West Pennant Hills | Baulkham Hills | 2,698 | 49.3% | 980 | No | 43.4% | 20.4 |
| Frenchs Forest | Warringah | 2,469 | 52.8% | 753 | Yes | = = = = (1) | 12.4 |
| St Ives (NSW) | Ku-ring-gai | 2,333 | 47.6% | 1,032 | No | 1.8% | 15.6 |
| Epping (NSW) | Pennant Hills - Epping | 2,054 | 36.0% | 825 | Yes | 88.6% | 15.5 |
| Wahroonga | Ku-ring-gai | 2,029 | 38.0% | 1,130 | Yes | 81.4% | 17.5 |
| Blacktown | Blacktown | 1,954 | 14.6% | 667 | Yes | 47.5% | 29.5 |
| Pymble | Ku-ring-gai | 1,856 | 52.6% | 1,091 | No | 98.4% | 14.4 |
| Wyoming | Gosford | 1,851 | 54.7% | 727 | No | 51.2% | 52.8 |
| Bateau Bay | Wyong | 1,844 | 42.1% | 819 | No | | 58.5 |
| Terrigal | Gosford | 1,791 | 43.5% | 757 | No | | 50.7 |
| Turramurra | Ku-ring-gai | 1,777 | 48.4% | 1,069 | No | 78.0% | 15.9 |
| Winston Hills | Parramatta | 1,732 | 42.7% | 663 | No | 1.2% | 22.9 |
| Quakers Hill | Blacktown - North | 1,725 | 21.4% | 631 | No | 80.3% | 32.8 |
| Kellyville | Baulkham Hills | 1,692 | 11.9% | 778 | Yes | 25.2% | 29.6 |
| Umina Beach | Gosford | 1,660 | 26.0% | 720 | No | 1515 | 39.4 |
| St Clair (Penrith - NSW) | St Marys | 1,620 | 24.9% | 681 | No | <u>.</u> | 39.3 |
| Beecroft | Pennant Hills - Epping | 1,611 | 50.0% | 1,008 | No | 86.5% | 17.9 |
| Seven Hills (NSW) | Blacktown | 1,523 | 22.0% | 633 | No | 66.1% | 26.1 |
| Greystanes | Merrylands - Guildford | 1,508 | 19.1% | 618 | No | 6.7% | 25.1 |
| Ryde | Ryde - Hunters Hill | 1,488 | 25.4% | 702 | Yes | 5.2% | 10.4 |
| Narara | Gosford | 1,467 | 46.7% | 781 | No | 94.3% | 53.3 |
| Hornsby | Hornsby | 1,408 | 34.1% | 950 | Yes | 100.0% | 20.8 |
| Eastwood (NSW) | Ryde - Hunters Hill | 1,369 | 28.2% | 774 | Yes | 88.1% | 13.9 |
| Belrose | Warringah | 1,336 | 45.8% | 745 | No | | 15.6 |
| North Rocks | Parramatta | 1,333 | 48.0% | 788 | No | 0.8% | 20.1 |
| Kings Langley | Blacktown | 1,327 | 41.8% | 717 | No | 1.4% | 27.9 |
| Forestville (NSW) | Warringah | 1,259 | 47.7% | 794 | No | | 11.2 |
| Cranebrook | Penrith | 1,245 | 22.9% | 732 | No | | 49.1 |
| Berkeley Vale | Wyong | 1,240 | 36.4% | 656 | No | - | 61.6 |
| Killara (NSW) | Ku-ring-gai | 1,216 | 47.1% | 1,052 | No | 86.8% | 11.3 |
| Bradbury (NSW) | Campbelltown (NSW) | 1,207 | 36.9% | 643 | No | 12.1% | 43.5 |
| Strathfield (NSW) | Strathfield - Burwood - Ashfield | 1,198 | 22.1% | 790 | Yes | 67.8% | 11.7 |
| Glenmore Park | Penrith | 1,155 | 14.6% | 748 | No | <u>-</u> | 49.2 |
| Thornleigh | Hornsby | 1,153 | 44.2% | 845 | No | 93.6% | 19.4 |
| Roseville | Ku-ring-gai | 1,133 | 36.6% | 895 | No | 97.1% | 9.1 |
| Gorokan | Wyong | 1,124 | 34.0% | 635 | No | | 73.1 |
| Mount Colah | Hornsby | 1,120 | 45.4% | 893 | No | 78.0% | 22.5 |
| Hornsby Heights | Hornsby | 1,101 | 49.7% | 923 | No | 37.5% | 25.0 |
| Avoca Beach | Gosford | 1,097 | 55.2% | 924 | No | - | 48.5 |
| Doonside | Blacktown | 1,096 | 25.8% | 636 | No | 74.2% | 33.0 |
| Beacon Hill | Warringah | 1,094 | 44.9% | 698 | No | | 13.1 |
| Killarney Vale | Wyong | 1,061 | 37.0% | 634 | Yes | | 60.0 |
| Green Point (Central Coast - NSW) | Gosford | 1,060 | 45.6% | 741 | No | | 48.3 |
| South Penrith | Penrith | 1,044 | 24.7% | 668 | No | 11.1% | 47.9 |
| | Ryde - Hunters Hill | 1,031 | 27.8% | 640 | Yes | 67.5% | 9.9 |

Source: CoreLogic, Archistar Housing stats as at August 2023





SYDNEY - Top 50 suburbs - Houses vs Units

| Suburb nama | SA3 Name | | House stats | | Unit stats | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Suburb name | SAS Name | Median rent | Vacancy rate | Median value | Median unit rent | Vacancy rate units | Median unit value |
| Baulkham Hills | Baulkham Hills | \$866 | 1.9% | \$1,798,305 | \$681 | 1.7% | \$934,525 |
| Castle Hill (NSW) | Baulkham Hills | \$969 | 1.3% | \$2,281,325 | \$718 | 2.0% | \$995,205 |
| Cherrybrook | Baulkham Hills | \$1,010 | 1.6% | \$2,214,084 | \$753 | 1.7% | \$1,250,708 |
| Carlingford | Carlingford | \$873 | 2.5% | \$2,022,514 | \$665 | 1.5% | \$707,077 |
| West Pennant Hills | Baulkham Hills | \$1,051 | 2.2% | \$2,459,321 | \$739 | 2.4% | \$1,334,893 |
| Frenchs Forest | Warringah | \$1,214 | 2.4% | \$2,136,458 | \$885 | 1.4% | |
| St Ives (NSW) | Ku-ring-gai | \$1,416 | 2.2% | \$2,881,309 | \$800 | 2.3% | \$1,059,001 |
| Epping (NSW) | Pennant Hills - Epping | \$1,013 | 1.4% | \$2,325,865 | \$715 | 1.8% | \$787,377 |
| Wahroonga | Ku-ring-gai | \$1,252 | 2.1% | \$2,747,967 | \$739 | 2.3% | \$1,033,957 |
| Blacktown | Blacktown | \$596 | 1.0% | \$918,866 | \$512 | 0.6% | \$499,803 |
| Pymble | Ku-ring-gai | \$1,427 | 3.5% | \$3,229,276 | \$779 | 2.3% | \$1,073,222 |
| Wyoming | Gosford | \$621 | 0.9% | \$773,690 | \$504 | 2.5% | \$494,149 |
| Bateau Bay | Wyong | \$653 | 0.9% | \$983,096 | \$501 | 1.6% | \$681,301 |
| Terrigal | Gosford | \$824 | 2.0% | \$1,453,357 | \$700 | 2.8% | \$1,233,015 |
| Turramurra | Ku-ring-gai | \$1,330 | 2.1% | \$2,932,761 | \$728 | 2.0% | \$955,042 |
| Winston Hills | Parramatta | \$773 | 1.2% | \$1,472,702 | \$512 | 0.0% | - |
| Quakers Hill | Blacktown - North | \$673 | 0.9% | \$1,080,252 | \$616 | 0.8% | \$746,124 |
| Kellyville | Baulkham Hills | \$907 | 1.4% | \$1,776,853 | \$671 | 0.9% | \$771,526 |
| Umina Beach | Gosford | \$629 | 2.5% | \$1,013,459 | \$557 | 1.4% | \$799,536 |
| St Clair (Penrith - NSW) | St Marys | \$587 | 0.7% | \$919,298 | \$520 | 4.8% | - |
| Beecroft | Pennant Hills - Epping | \$1,033 | 1.4% | \$2,346,743 | \$686 | 2.8% | \$1,030,834 |
| Seven Hills (NSW) | Blacktown | \$604 | 0.8% | \$994,253 | \$575 | 1.5% | \$656,988 |
| Greystanes | Merrylands - Guildford | \$724 | 0.8% | \$1,193,318 | \$582 | 2.1% | - |
| Ryde | Ryde - Hunters Hill | \$985 | 1.9% | \$2,231,431 | \$659 | 2.4% | \$736,649 |
| Narara | Gosford | \$656 | 1.4% | \$818,773 | \$521 | 0.9% | \$592,115 |
| Hornsby | Hornsby | \$838 | 1.4% | \$1,679,101 | \$592 | 1.2% | \$686,346 |
| Eastwood (NSW) | Ryde - Hunters Hill | \$977 | 2.0% | \$2,420,726 | \$622 | 1.7% | \$821,913 |
| Belrose | Warringah | \$1,314 | 1.5% | \$2,207,897 | \$728 | 0.0% | \$795,386 |
| North Rocks | Parramatta | \$845 | 2.6% | \$1,848,548 | \$674 | 2.2% | \$642,050 |
| Kings Langley | Blacktown | \$668 | 1.7% | \$1,305,260 | \$550 | 2.8% | - |
| Forestville (NSW) | Warringah | \$1,167 | 2.8% | \$2,257,392 | \$764 | 0.0% | - |
| Cranebrook | Penrith | \$602 | 0.6% | \$867,535 | \$458 | 0.0% | \$647,842 |
| Berkeley Vale | Wyong | \$629 | 2.0% | \$820,198 | \$423 | 2.7% | \$405,309 |
| Killara (NSW) | Ku-ring-gai | \$1,433 | 3.4% | \$3,694,834 | \$790 | 2.1% | \$1,114,208 |
| Bradbury (NSW) | Campbelltown (NSW) | \$547 | 0.6% | \$770,574 | \$463 | 0.7% | \$476,183 |
| Strathfield (NSW) | Strathfield - Burwood - Ashfield | \$1,076 | 0.9% | \$3,562,427 | \$715 | 1.6% | \$780,226 |
| Glenmore Park | Penrith | \$721 | 0.3% | \$1,083,830 | \$504 | 1.7% | \$728,672 |
| Thornleigh | Hornsby | \$861 | 3.4% | \$1,801,376 | \$730 | 2.1% | \$1,062,918 |
| Roseville | Ku-ring-gai | \$1,391 | 3.6% | \$3,533,099 | \$754 | 1.9% | \$968,387 |
| Gorokan | Wyong | \$538 | 1.9% | \$662,728 | \$440 | 1.0% | \$496,924 |
| Mount Colah | Hornsby | \$869 | 2.3% | \$1,534,685 | \$623 | 3.6% | \$683,941 |
| Hornsby Heights | Hornsby | \$835 | 2.9% | \$1,572,425 | \$0 | 0.0% | - |
| Avoca Beach | Gosford | \$802 | 2.2% | \$1,566,204 | \$684 | 6.4% | \$1,129,061 |
| Doonside | Blacktown | \$602 | 1.0% | \$941,259 | \$587 | 1.6% | \$673,213 |
| Beacon Hill | Warringah | \$1,132 | 1.4% | \$2,078,191 | \$679 | 0.0% | - |
| Killarney Vale | Wyong | \$611 | 1.9% | \$829,332 | \$526 | 0.0% | - |
| Green Point (Central Coast - NSW) | Gosford | \$751 | 1.5% | \$1,126,709 | \$572 | 1.6% | |
| South Penrith | Penrith | \$599 | 1.0% | \$860,589 | \$494 | 1.0% | - |
| North Ryde | Ryde - Hunters Hill | \$982 | 2.9% | \$2,243,800 | \$764 | 3.0% | \$783,171 |
| Allambie Heights Source: CoreLogic, Archistar Housin | Warringah | \$1,175 | 0.7% | \$2,332,171 | \$735 | 1.4% | - |



Melbourne

Archistar, Blackfort and CoreLogic have identified 229,051 properties across the Melbourne metro area that are suitable for developing a granny flat, representing 13.2% of all properties across the metro region.

229,051

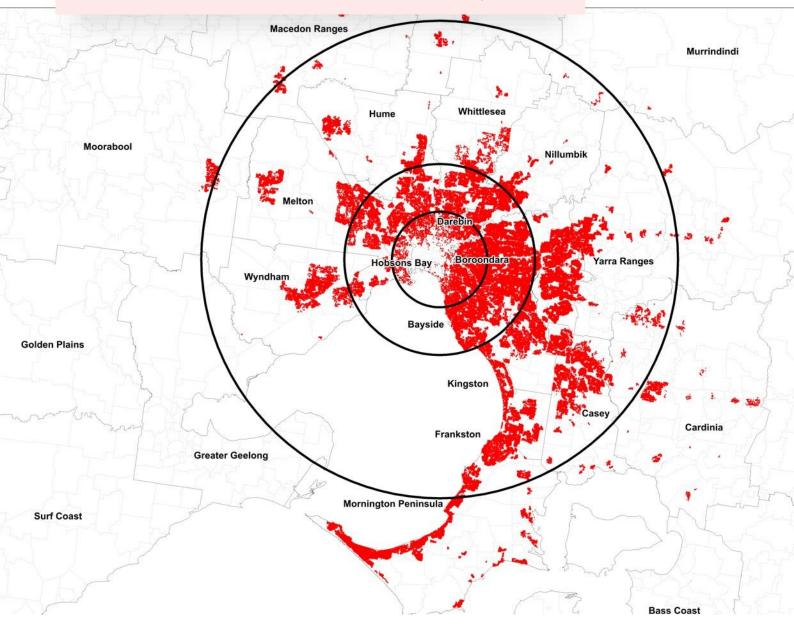
granny flat development opportunities across Greater Sydney 43.5%

are within 2km of a train or light rail station

23.3%

are within the same suburb as a hospital

Each dot represents an individual property suitable for the development of a granny flat





MELBOURNE



Melbourne is forecast to experience the most significant housing undersupply over the next five years, with a deficit of 23,800 dwellings between 2023 and 2027; almost double the shortfall of new dwellings forecast across Sydney over the same time frame (12,100).

Melbourne's undersupply is expected to be at its worst through 2025 and 2026, with new dwelling construction falling 20,900 short of demand, however household formation is expected to outpace new dwelling construction across the entire forecast period extending out to 2033.



Across the council areas of Melbourne, the Mornington Peninsula has the most granny flat development opportunities, with 23,870 sites comprising 10.4% of all sites across Melbourne. Casey (16,861 / 7.4%), Monash (13,960 / 6.1%), Knox (13,741 / 6.0%) and Manningham (13,063 / 5.7%) round out the top five municipalities for the most granny flat development sites.



MELBOURNE - Top 50 suburbs - Houses vs Units

| Suburb name | SA3 Name | Number of properties suitable for a granny flat | As a % of all sites | Average land area (sqm) | Same suburb as a hospital | % within 2km of a train station | Distance t GPO (km) |
|--------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Glen Waverley | Monash | 4,009 | 27.4% | 745 | Yes | 62.5% | 18.7 |
| Rye | Mornington Peninsula | 3,705 | 38.6% | 903 | No | - | 64.2 |
| towville | Knox | 3,674 | 30.3% | 792 | No | - | 26.3 |
| Berwick | Casey - North | 3,604 | 18.3% | 932 | Yes | 39.3% | 41.0 |
| Ooncaster East | Manningham - West | 3,397 | 34.9% | 781 | No | - 1- 1- 1- | 19.2 |
| rankston | Frankston | 3,356 | 23.1% | 664 | Yes | 63.3% | 39.3 |
| ount Waverley | Monash | 3,194 | 25.1% | 764 | Yes | 84.6% | 15.0 |
| Vheelers Hill | Monash | 2,944 | 41.2% | 775 | No | Y La Tarrier | 20.8 |
| Nount Martha | Mornington Peninsula | 2,802 | 33.2% | 1,144 | No | | 50.4 |
| ndeavour Hills | Casey - North | 2,760 | 31.8% | 735 | No | <u>-</u> | 29.7 |
| Salwyn North | Boroondara | 2,617 | 32.8% | 773 | No | 94.3% | 10.5 |
| Iount Eliza | Mornington Peninsula | 2,486 | 35.2% | 1,659 | No | 17.3% | 42.6 |
| ireensborough | Banyule | 2,465 | 31.9% | 776 | No | 56.6% | 17.8 |
| unbury | Sunbury | 2,419 | 13.9% | 899 | No | 27.0% | 38.1 |
| Itham (Vic.) | Nillumbik - Kinglake | 2,358 | 35.0% | 979 | No | 56.9% | 20.6 |
| emplestowe | Manningham - West | 2,351 | 40.1% | 854 | No | - | 17.1 |
| oncaster | Manningham - West | 2,265 | 29.2% | 738 | No | _ | 13.9 |
| 1ooroolbark | Yarra Ranges | 2,265 | 28.6% | 948 | No | 78.3% | 31.4 |
| erntree Gully | Knox | 2,167 | 21.0% | 816 | No | 36.8% | 28.0 |
| larre Warren South | Casey - South | 2,039 | 21.0% | 800 | No | 7.4% | 38.7 |
| emplestowe Lower | Manningham - West | 2,025 | 40.5% | 740 | Yes | - | 13.9 |
| larre Warren | Casey - North | 2,020 | 20.2% | 686 | No | 26.5% | 36.6 |
| Iill Park | Whittlesea - Wallan | 2,012 | 18.9% | 703 | No | 62.1% | 19.5 |
| rankston South | Frankston | 1,995 | 29.9% | 1,202 | No | 7.4% | 41.6 |
| akenham | Cardinia | 1,860 | 8.9% | 899 | No | 29.0% | 52.9 |
| ilen Iris (Vic.) | Boroondara | 1,846 | 22.3% | 750 | No | 100.0% | 9.1 |
| Verribee | Wyndham | 1,844 | 8.5% | 777 | Yes | 55.3% | 30.2 |
| Croydon (Vic.) | Maroondah | 1,835 | 19.5% | 1,005 | No | 70.7% | 27.4 |
| Blairgowrie | Mornington Peninsula | 1,833 | 46.1% | 882 | No | 70.170 | 63.4 |
| loppers Crossing | Wyndham | 1,815 | 12.7% | 676 | No | 24.8% | 24.4 |
| Mornington (Vic.) | | | 16.9% | 833 | Yes | 70.1% | 45.7 |
| . , , | Mornington Peninsula | 1,791 | | | | | |
| Boronia | Knox Knox | 1,762 | 21.5% 23.9% | 865 815 | No | 57.5% | 27.6 |
| Vantirna South | | 1,754 | | | No | 70.20/ | 22.6 |
| Diamond Creek | Nillumbik - Kinglake | 1,725 | 35.6% | 1,008 | No | 79.3% | 24.0 |
| leservoir (Vic.) | Darebin - North | 1,687 | 8.8% | 707 | No | 85.8% | 12.7 |
| angwarrin | Frankston | 1,590 | 19.0% | 810 | No | 6.4% | 41.7 |
| ermont South | Whitehorse - East | 1,543 | 35.6% | 749 | No | 91.6% | 19.4 |
| Camberwell (Vic.) | Boroondara | 1,527 | 19.5% | 767 | Yes | 100.0% | 9.2 |
| andenong North | Dandenong | 1,524 | 19.6% | 674 | No | 2.2% | 25.8 |
| orrento (Vic.) | Mornington Peninsula | 1,496 | 42.2% | 1,029 | No | | 61.3 |
| /antirna | Knox | 1,487 | 28.7% | 750 | Yes | - | 22.3 |
| Iulgrave (Vic.) | Monash | 1,465 | 19.0% | 766 | Yes | 0.1% | 20.1 |
| osebud | Mornington Peninsula | 1,448 | 17.2% | 876 | Yes | | 61.1 |
| ingwood North | Maroondah | 1,405 | 39.1% | 857 | No | 15.4% | 23.0 |
| romana | Mornington Peninsula | 1,391 | 28.2% | 810 | No | | 56.6 |
| ingwood (Vic.) | Maroondah | 1,336 | 21.6% | 814 | Yes | 50.2% | 23.4 |
| undoora (Vic.) | Banyule | 1,312 | 13.4% | 641 | Yes | 98.1% | 15.6 |
| (ew (Vic.) | Boroondara | 1,293 | 16.3% | 828 | Yes | 99.5% | 5.7 |
| t Albans (Vic.) | Brimbank | 1,284 | 9.9% | 666 | Yes | 83.1% | 16.9 |

Source: CoreLogic, Archistar Housing stats as at August 2023



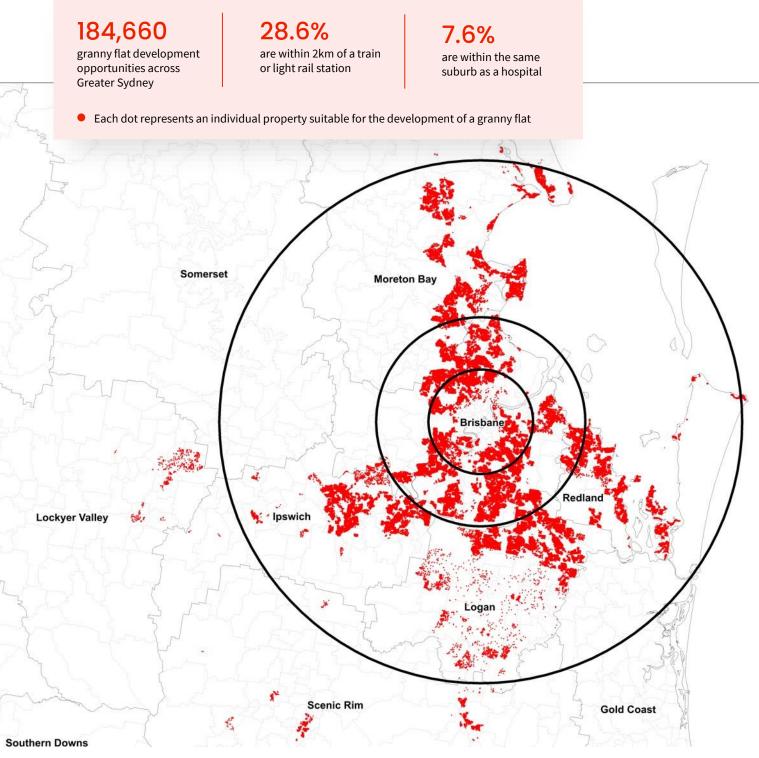
MELBOURNE – Top 50 suburbs with the most granny flat development sites

| | | | House stats | | Unit stats | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| Suburb name | SA3 Name | Median rent | Vacancy rate | Median value | Median unit rent | Vacancy rate units | Median unit value | |
| Glen Waverley | Monash | \$738 | 0.6% | \$1,776,179 | \$646 | 0.6% | \$879,382 | |
| Rye | Mornington Peninsula | \$620 | 3.1% | \$1,072,764 | \$482 | 4.6% | \$674,327 | |
| Rowville | Knox | \$627 | 0.1% | \$1,134,634 | \$532 | 0.2% | \$675,679 | |
| Berwick | Casey - North | \$593 | 0.8% | \$929,847 | \$490 | 0.6% | \$654,305 | |
| Doncaster East | Manningham - West | \$772 | 0.7% | \$1,628,226 | \$606 | 0.8% | \$911,826 | |
| Frankston | Frankston | \$541 | 0.6% | \$708,732 | \$434 | 0.5% | \$490,114 | |
| Mount Waverley | Monash | \$710 | 0.6% | \$1,705,765 | \$672 | 0.4% | \$1,067,154 | |
| Wheelers Hill | Monash | \$723 | 0.7% | \$1,560,084 | \$558 | 1.1% | \$763,675 | |
| Mount Martha | Mornington Peninsula | \$775 | 1.7% | \$1,439,045 | \$608 | 0.8% | \$777,111 | |
| Endeavour Hills | Casey - North | \$549 | 0.4% | \$835,590 | \$485 | 0.5% | \$616,120 | |
| Balwyn North | Boroondara | \$908 | 1.6% | \$2,225,929 | \$666 | 0.4% | \$1,289,620 | |
| Mount Eliza | Mornington Peninsula | \$927 | 2.0% | \$1,681,102 | \$518 | 1.0% | \$765,673 | |
| Greensborough | Banyule | \$630 | 0.1% | \$1,019,759 | \$489 | 0.9% | \$700,710 | |
| Sunbury | Sunbury | \$503 | 0.8% | \$685,416 | \$432 | 0.9% | \$466,595 | |
| Eltham (Vic.) | Nillumbik - Kinglake | \$733 | 0.2% | \$1,184,032 | \$524 | 0.0% | \$797,393 | |
| Templestowe | Manningham - West | \$853 | 1.0% | \$1,793,777 | \$631 | 0.5% | \$926,305 | |
| Doncaster | Manningham - West | \$746 | 0.7% | \$1,577,954 | \$606 | 1.2% | \$630,879 | |
| Mooroolbark | Yarra Ranges | \$588 | 0.5% | \$862,328 | \$489 | 0.5% | \$645,784 | |
| Ferntree Gully | Knox | \$568 | 0.3% | \$876,665 | \$501 | 0.0% | \$641,366 | |
| Narre Warren South | | \$585 | 0.5% | \$834,209 | \$478 | 1.5% | - | |
| | Manningham - West | \$712 | 1.9% | \$1,427,040 | \$637 | 0.5% | \$969,678 | |
| Narre Warren | Casey - North | \$534 | 0.9% | \$763,603 | \$445 | 0.9% | \$513,922 | |
| Mill Park | Whittlesea - Wallan | \$516 | 0.5% | \$811,888 | \$430 | 0.7% | \$479,212 | |
| Frankston South | Frankston | \$701 | 0.5% | \$1,110,840 | \$509 | 1.5% | \$740,331 | |
| Pakenham | Cardinia | \$513 | 0.5% | \$672,416 | \$414 | 0.3% | \$498,704 | |
| Glen Iris (Vic.) | Boroondara | \$1,036 | 1.1% | \$2,393,253 | \$593 | 0.5% | \$726,529 | |
| Werribee | Wyndham | \$458 | 0.8% | \$615,503 | \$381 | 0.5% | \$413,935 | |
| Croydon (Vic.) | Maroondah | \$590 | 0.6% | \$927,926 | \$484 | 0.3% | | |
| | | \$674 | 1.7% | | \$404 | 0.5% | \$628,585 | |
| Blairgowrie | Mornington Peninsula Wyndham | | | \$1,357,646 | | | - ¢410 130 | |
| Hoppers Crossing | • | \$460 | 0.6% | \$619,584 | \$388 | 0.5% | \$419,139 | |
| Mornington (Vic.) | Mornington Peninsula | \$673 | 1.3% | \$1,101,906 | \$550 | 1.3% | \$778,287 | |
| Boronia | Knox | \$543 | 0.5% | \$844,685 | \$480 | 0.4% | \$620,556 | |
| Wantirna South | Knox | \$633 | 1.1% | \$1,241,292 | \$498 | 1.4% | \$520,085 | |
| Diamond Creek | Nillumbik - Kinglake | \$706 | 0.3% | \$999,061 | \$522 | 0.0% | \$707,477 | |
| Reservoir (Vic.) | Darebin - North | \$554 | 0.6% | \$904,994 | \$468 | 0.5% | \$598,696 | |
| Langwarrin | Frankston | \$605 | 0.6% | \$831,310 | \$476 | 0.2% | \$567,850 | |
| Vermont South | Whitehorse - East | \$682 | 0.7% | \$1,529,299 | \$618 | 0.0% | \$845,155 | |
| Camberwell (Vic.) | Boroondara | \$1,067 | 1.5% | \$2,552,275 | \$601 | 0.5% | \$854,038 | |
| Dandenong North | Dandenong | \$521 | 1.5% | \$719,421 | \$437 | 1.2% | \$512,177 | |
| Sorrento (Vic.) | Mornington Peninsula | \$789 | 5.5% | \$1,998,614 | \$0 | 0.0% | - | |
| Wantirna | Knox | \$618 | 0.5% | \$1,139,684 | \$542 | 1.1% | \$725,189 | |
| Mulgrave (Vic.) | Monash | \$645 | 0.1% | \$1,065,753 | \$600 | 0.6% | \$864,450 | |
| Rosebud | Mornington Peninsula | \$555 | 2.3% | \$807,457 | \$499 | 1.9% | \$692,721 | |
| Ringwood North | Maroondah | \$659 | 0.3% | \$1,224,587 | \$541 | 0.8% | \$820,321 | |
| Dromana | Mornington Peninsula | \$639 | 3.3% | \$1,032,308 | \$552 | 2.6% | \$776,119 | |
| Ringwood (Vic.) | Maroondah | \$581 | 0.6% | \$995,245 | \$485 | 0.6% | \$615,263 | |
| Bundoora (Vic.) | Banyule | \$556 | 0.4% | \$877,784 | \$442 | 0.6% | \$492,784 | |
| Kew (Vic.) | Boroondara | \$1,159 | 1.0% | \$2,764,443 | \$591 | 1.1% | \$819,904 | |
| St Albans (Vic.) | Brimbank | \$448 | 0.7% | \$649,907 | \$404 | 0.7% | \$455,529 | |
| | | \$697 | 0.3% | \$1,430,550 | \$620 | 1.6% | \$911,088 | |

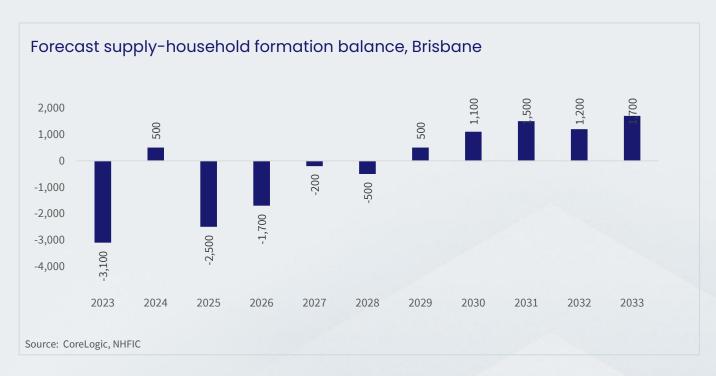


Brisbane

Archistar, Blackfort and CoreLogic have identified 184,660 properties across the Brisbane metro area that are suitable for developing a granny flat, representing 23.3% of all properties across the metro region.

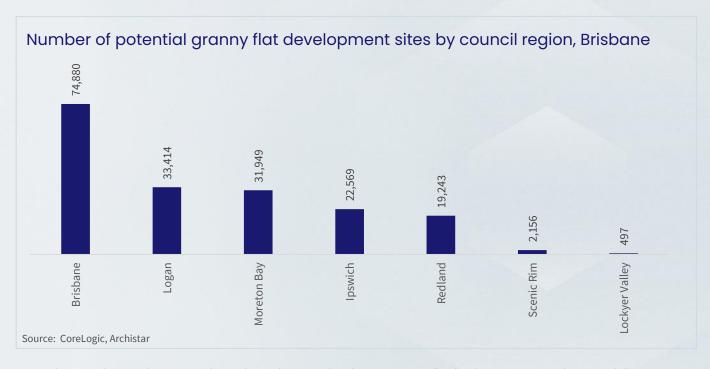


BRISBANE



Brisbane's housing undersupply is more immediate relative to the larger capital cities, with newly built housing supply forecast to fall 3,100 short of demand in 2023.

Although newly built supply is set to move into a modest surplus through 2024, new housing supply is expected to fall behind household formation consistently between 2025 to 2028, resulting in a cumulative undersupply of 7,500 dwellings over the next six years (2023 to 2028).



Across the council areas of Greater Brisbane, the Brisbane LGA has the most granny flat development sites, with 40.5% of all opportunities. Logan (33,414 / 18.1%), Moreton Bay (31,949 / 17.3%), Ipswich (22,569 / 12.2%) and Redland (19,243 / 10.4%) round out the top five council regions for the most granny flat development sites.



BRISBANE – Top 50 suburbs with the most granny flat development sites

| Suburb name | SA3 Name | Number of properties suitable for a granny flat | As a % of all sites | Average land area (sqm) | Same suburb as a hospital | % within 2km of a train station | Distance to GPO (km) |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| The Gap (Brisbane - Qld) | The Gap - Enoggera | 2,986 | 48.8% | 790 | No | - | 8.8 |
| Alexandra Hills | Capalaba | 2,789 | 46.0% | 814 | No | _ | 21.2 |
| Redbank Plains | Springfield - Redbank | 2,479 | 30.3% | 875 | No | | 26.8 |
| Albany Creek | The Hills District | 2,378 | 44.0% | 842 | No | | 14.3 |
| Rochedale South | Springwood - Kingston | 2,215 | 42.3% | 756 | No | | 17.4 |
| | Kenmore - Brookfield - | | | | | | |
| Chapel Hill (Qld) | Moggill | 2,056 | 53.3% | 845 | No | | 8.4 |
| Caboolture | Caboolture | 2,055 | 19.1% | 822 | Yes | 44.9% | 45.4 |
| Crestmead | Browns Plains | 2,048 | 48.9% | 723 | No | - | 24.6 |
| Ferny Hills | The Hills District | 1,965 | 62.8% | 734 | No | 84.9% | 13.4 |
| Kallangur | North Lakes | 1,928 | 26.6% | 724 | No | 76.8% | 24.9 |
| Kenmore | Kenmore - Brookfield - Moggill | 1,862 | 52.0% | 794 | No | | 10.1 |
| Deception Bay | Narangba - Burpengary | 1,859 | 27.1% | 691 | No | | 32.2 |
| Shailer Park | Loganlea - Carbrook | 1,828 | 46.1% | 1,139 | No | - | 24.7 |
| Carindale | Carindale | 1,800 | 32.6% | 750 | No | 1 82 90 1 | 9.4 |
| Kingston (Qld) | Springwood - Kingston | 1,741 | 48.9% | 730 | No | 80.6% | 22.9 |
| Sunnybank Hills | Sunnybank | 1,733 | 30.6% | 718 | No | 72.9% | 13.8 |
| Slacks Creek | Springwood - Kingston | 1,732 | 44.9% | 781 | No | 46.2% | 21.1 |
| Brassall | Ipswich Inner | 1,706 | 37.8% | 942 | No | 47.1% | 31.8 |
| Morayfield | Caboolture | 1,688 | 19.3% | 793 | No | 63.9% | 38.3 |
| Capalaba | Capalaba | 1,673 | 26.8% | 1,106 | No | | 19.0 |
| Birkdale | Capalaba | 1,656 | 31.8% | 834 | No | - | 18.0 |
| Marsden | Browns Plains | 1,642 | 40.2% | 837 | No | 0.2% | 23.5 |
| Aspley | Chermside | 1,626 | 38.7% | 722 | No | 43.4% | 11.8 |
| Eagleby | Beenleigh | 1,621 | 44.1% | 856 | No | 0.4% | 32.0 |
| Victoria Point (Qld) | Cleveland - Stradbroke | 1,569 | 29.2% | 768 | No | <u> </u> | 28.5 |
| Arana Hills | The Hills District | 1,541 | 62.7% | 781 | No | 60.4% | 11.2 |
| Raceview | Ipswich Inner | 1,535 | 43.0% | 699 | No | 30.6% | 30.9 |
| Stafford Heights | Chermside | 1,534 | 54.2% | 665 | No | | 8.5 |
| Goodna | Springfield - Redbank | 1,528 | 43.7% | 802 | No | 25.9% | 20.0 |
| Tarragindi | Nathan | 1,500 | 34.6% | 683 | No | | 6.3 |
| Thornlands | Cleveland - Stradbroke | 1,462 | 22.9% | 1,172 | No | 100 | 25.4 |
| Regents Park (Qld) | Browns Plains | 1,454 | 38.2% | 730 | No | - | 22.9 |
| Redland Bay | Cleveland - Stradbroke | 1,444 | 21.2% | 826 | Yes | | 32.6 |
| Wellington Point | Capalaba | 1,416 | 29.6% | 789 | No | | 21.3 |
| Cleveland (Qld) | Cleveland - Stradbroke | 1,410 | 26.5% | 841 | Yes | | 24.4 |
| Mount Gravatt East | Mt Gravatt | 1,381 | 35.2% | 671 | No | <u>-</u> | 8.6 |
| Narangba | Narangba - Burpengary | 1,378 | 17.4% | 895 | No | 31.1% | 33.1 |
| Woodridge (Qld) | Springwood - Kingston | 1,368 | 39.7% | 702 | No | 97.9% | 19.1 |
| Russell Island | Cleveland - Stradbroke | 1,365 | 12.1% | 714 | No | | 42.1 |
| Bracken Ridge | Sandgate | 1,361 | 22.9% | 660 | No | 24.2% | 17.1 |
| Springwood (Qld) | Springwood - Kingston | 1,347 | 45.5% | 875 | No | | 19.9 |
| Inala | Forest Lake - Oxley | 1,318 | 26.4% | 661 | No | 13.7% | 14.4 |
| Collingwood Park | Springfield - Redbank | 1,308 | 35.8% | 767 | No | 20.8% | 24.0 |
| (Qld) Bray Park (Qld) | Strathpine | 1,285 | 33.9% | 655 | No | 54.5% | 20.6 |
| Petrie Petrie | Strathpine | 1,277 | 40.0% | 789 | No | 47.4% | 23.8 |
| Strathpine | Strathpine | 1,255 | 30.8% | 686 | Yes | 90.2% | 19.2 |
| Forest Lake | Forest Lake - Oxley | 1,255 | 14.5% | 770 | No | 23.7% | 17.8 |
| Boronia Heights | Browns Plains | 1,163 | 45.0% | 831 | No | 23.1% | 24.2 |
| Macleay Island | Cleveland - Stradbroke | 1,161 | 45.0% 27.1% | 855 | No | | 36.7 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Wishart (Qld) | Mt Gravatt | 1,160 | 36.0% | 665 | No | - 1 - 1 L | 12.0 |



Source: CoreLogic, Archistar Housing stats as at August 2023

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BRISBANE - Top 50 suburbs - Houses vs Units

| Suburb name | SA3 Name | | House stats | | Unit stats | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| Suburb name | | Median rent | Vacancy rate | Median value | Median unit rent | Vacancy rate units | Median unit value | |
| The Gap (Brisbane - Qld) | The Gap - Enoggera | \$777 | 2.0% | \$1,052,643 | \$668 | 2.1% | \$755,343 | |
| Alexandra Hills | Capalaba | \$658 | 1.4% | \$732,300 | \$487 | 0.0% | \$477,942 | |
| Redbank Plains | Springfield - Redbank | \$514 | 1.0% | \$537,180 | \$415 | 0.8% | \$363,526 | |
| Albany Creek | The Hills District | \$753 | 1.0% | \$943,185 | \$574 | 1.9% | \$601,602 | |
| Rochedale South | Springwood - Kingston | \$651 | 1.0% | \$791,549 | \$447 | 0.0% | \$452,767 | |
| Chapel Hill (Qld) | Kenmore - Brookfield - Moggill | \$920 | 2.4% | \$1,262,217 | \$0 | 0.0% | | |
| Caboolture | Caboolture | \$544 | 1.7% | \$588,282 | \$370 | 1.1% | \$316,470 | |
| Crestmead | Browns Plains | \$532 | 1.5% | \$523,972 | \$455 | 0.0% | \$451,939 | |
| Ferny Hills | The Hills District | \$686 | 1.3% | \$819,742 | \$0 | 0.0% | - | |
| Kallangur | North Lakes | \$555 | 1.3% | \$607,343 | \$443 | 0.7% | \$424,261 | |
| Kenmore | Kenmore - Brookfield - Moggill | \$855 | 2.2% | \$1,040,848 | \$702 | 1.4% | \$794,107 | |
| Deception Bay | Narangba - Burpengary | \$542 | 1.8% | \$567,766 | \$461 | 0.6% | \$403,930 | |
| Shailer Park | Loganlea - Carbrook | \$711 | 1.3% | \$848,235 | \$449 | 0.0% | 1 = 7 - 701 = 0 | |
| Carindale | Carindale | \$876 | 3.1% | \$1,351,938 | \$660 | 0.6% | \$720,455 | |
| Kingston (Qld) | Springwood - Kingston | \$516 | 2.2% | \$483,450 | \$445 | 2.2% | \$340,407 | |
| Sunnybank Hills | Sunnybank | \$699 | 1.6% | \$1,048,144 | \$549 | 1.0% | \$523,467 | |
| Slacks Creek | Springwood - Kingston | \$539 | 1.4% | \$555,926 | \$410 | 0.7% | \$305,053 | |
| Brassall | Ipswich Inner | \$529 | 1.1% | \$552,624 | \$394 | 0.9% | | |
| Morayfield | Caboolture | \$556 | 1.7% | \$604,752 | \$446 | 0.0% | \$419,282 | |
| Capalaba | Capalaba | \$672 | 1.1% | \$778,729 | \$490 | 0.5% | \$459,373 | |
| Birkdale | Capalaba | \$744 | 1.9% | \$942,656 | \$532 | 0.7% | \$531,090 | |
| Marsden | Browns Plains | \$552 | 0.9% | \$564,208 | \$449 | 0.3% | \$433,551 | |
| Aspley | Chermside | \$730 | 1.8% | \$941,573 | \$533 | 1.5% | \$543,183 | |
| Eagleby | Beenleigh | \$540 | 1.4% | \$498,929 | \$428 | 0.9% | \$357,514 | |
| Victoria Point (Qld) | Cleveland - Stradbroke | \$704 | 1.0% | \$838,328 | \$550 | 0.7% | - | |
| Arana Hills | The Hills District | \$688 | 1.4% | \$844,763 | \$538 | 1.0% | \$603,832 | |
| Raceview | lpswich Inner | \$520 | 1.7% | \$539,030 | \$348 | 0.0% | - | |
| Stafford Heights | Chermside | \$703 | 1.1% | \$905,426 | \$0 | 0.0% | _ | |
| Goodna | Springfield - Redbank | \$487 | 1.4% | \$462,510 | \$385 | 0.5% | \$310,263 | |
| Tarragindi | Nathan | \$765 | 0.7% | \$1,210,837 | \$441 | 1.4% | | |
| Thornlands | Cleveland - Stradbroke | \$718 | 1.0% | \$864,567 | \$588 | 2.6% | - | |
| Regents Park (Qld) | Browns Plains | \$568 | 1.1% | \$663,223 | \$465 | 0.0% | | |
| Redland Bay | Cleveland - Stradbroke | \$710 | 1.3% | \$859,193 | \$566 | 0.0% | - | |
| Wellington Point | Capalaba | \$757 | 1.6% | \$1,002,882 | \$564 | 0.6% | \$574,272 | |
| Cleveland (Qld) | Cleveland - Stradbroke | \$767 | 1.2% | \$987,789 | \$584 | 0.7% | \$579,921 | |
| Mount Gravatt East | Mt Gravatt | \$705 | 1.1% | \$1,023,004 | \$571 | 0.9% | \$553,570 | |
| Narangba | Narangba - Burpengary | \$631 | 1.3% | \$771,888 | \$508 | 1.2% | \$391,154 | |
| Woodridge (Qld) | Springwood - Kingston | \$498 | 1.4% | \$467,949 | \$363 | 0.5% | \$258,908 | |
| Russell Island | Cleveland - Stradbroke | \$423 | 4.8% | \$378,857 | \$0 | 0.0% | - | |
| Bracken Ridge | Sandgate | \$631 | 0.5% | \$753,004 | \$531 | 0.0% | \$517,179 | |
| Springwood (Qld) | Springwood - Kingston | \$648 | 1.3% | \$776,939 | \$463 | 0.0% | \$384,467 | |
| Inala | Forest Lake - Oxley | \$510 | 1.4% | \$553,673 | \$0 | 0.0% | - | |
| Collingwood Park (Qld) | Springfield - Redbank | \$528 | 1.4% | \$587,589 | \$419 | 0.0% | \$391,060 | |
| Bray Park (Qld) | Strathpine | \$580 | 0.5% | \$643,277 | \$0 | 0.0% | | |
| Petrie Petrie | Strathpine | \$595 | 1.6% | \$686,054 | \$456 | 0.5% | \$438,389 | |
| Strathpine | Strathpine | \$595 \$572 | | \$686,054 | | 0.5% | \$438,389 | |
| Forest Lake | Forest Lake - Oxley | \$590 | 1.1% 1.2% | \$706,343 | \$463 \$0 | 0.8% | \$407,241 | |
| Boronia Heights | Browns Plains | \$540 | 1.6% | \$590,561 | \$475 | 0.0% | \$393,023 | |
| Macleay Island | Cleveland - Stradbroke | \$445 | 3.7% | \$443,946 | \$307 | 0.0% | - | |
| Wishart (Qld) | Mt Gravatt | \$782 | 1.7% | \$1,174,367 | \$606 | 0.9% | \$627,199 | |
| Source: CoreLogic, Archistar H | | \$10Z | 1.170 | 71,114,301 | 2000 | 0.570 | JUZ1,133 | |



Why build a granny flat?

For homeowners, there are a variety of reasons they may choose to build a granny flat on their existing property.



The presence of a well-designed and properly permitted granny flat can enhance the overall value of the property, attracting potential buyers or renters and contributing to **increased equity**.



Multi generational households may consider it as a first step into the property market for family members, while parents may opt for an additional dwelling so older children can stay close to the family unit longer. This can also limit the strain on the 'Bank of Mum & Dad' which is often relied on to give younger Australians a leg up in the property market.



Other homeowners may simply be looking to **supplement their income**. A granny flat could increase a households cash flow by hundreds of dollars a week, if not more.



The model also supports **retirees**, many of whom are looking for additional income, **or vulnerable homeowners**, who can build a granny flat for support / care workers to live in, providing around the clock assistance.



Further, **investors** are always looking for ways to improve their yield, and a granny flat could provide an additional source of rental income to supplement or boost their overall return.



Will a granny flat provide me with rental income?

CoreLogic figures show a two-bedroom self-contained apartment could add an additional 22% in rent each week, contributing more than one percentage point to the overall gross yield of the property.



What sort of value could a granny flat add to a property?

Analysis from CoreLogic shows an extra two bedrooms and additional bathroom could add around 32% to the value of an existing dwelling. That means for a house worth \$500,000, building a granny flat could add around \$160,000 to the value of the property.



Why build a granny flat?

Benefits

- ► This report identifies over 655,000 potential granny flat sites across Australia's three largest cities that are within existing local town planning guidelines i.e., with no further approvals required. Many of these sites are close to existing infrastructure such as railways, bus routes and major road networks and within close proximity to major working hubs. A third of the sites identified are within 2km of a train station.
- ► Granny flats can be predeveloped at high quality with minimal lead time. Prefabricated dwellings also allow for more prescriptive design components providing low carbon footprints and in-built sustainability features.
- Granny flats can provide multi-generational accommodation options for grown up kids saving for a home of their own, for live-in aged or child carers, for elderly parents or grandparents, or simply for temporary accommodation in cases of natural disasters.
- Granny flats require a lower level of government financial support, no changes in town planning regulation and delivers a genuine short term social benefit.
- Furthermore, there are many funding options available for the deployment of granny flats increasing the accessibility for homeowners.



Where can a granny flat be built?

Granny flats can't be built just anywhere. The property must have appropriate town planning rules, the land area needs to be large enough to accommodate the new dwelling and the footprint of the existing property must be located in a position that allows for the development.

Using proprietary data assets and technologies, Archistar, Blackfort and CoreLogic have assessed every property across Sydney, Melbourne and Brisbane to determine whether individual properties have the potential to develop a granny flat in this report.



How can I build a granny flat in my property?

Archistar's technology allows property owners to see if a granny flat is suitable for their property. If the site is, Archistar can automatically generate designs options for homeowners to discuss with quality granny flat builders.

Blackfort can provide homeowners with granny flat builders and financing options that could have a granny flat deployed on their property in 3-6 months, given recent announcements from state governments on compressed approval times.

METHODOLOGY STATEMENT:

Assessing Permissibility and Feasibility of a Granny Flat

This methodology statement outlines a systematic approach to assess the permissibility and feasibility of constructing a granny flat on a given site, taking into account various factors and regulatory requirements. It ensures a comprehensive evaluation while considering any unique regional considerations.

Methodology Steps

Zoning Analysis:

- ▶ Identify the zoning regulations applicable to the site.
- Determine whether the zoning permits the construction of a granny flat.

Parcel Size Verification:

 Verify that the parcel size meets the minimum requirements stipulated by local regulations for a granny flat.

Building Count Assessment:

 Confirm that there is currently only one building on the site that exceeds 20 square metres in size.

CoreLogic Check:

- Utilise CoreLogic data or similar resources to identify properties that are known to already have a granny flat.
- Exclude properties identified as having existing granny flats from further assessment.

Spatial Assessment:

- Calculate the available space on the site by subtracting the combined area of existing structures from the total site area.
- Assess whether there is sufficient space to accommodate a granny flat with a standard size of 60 square metres, considering any setbacks or spatial requirements mandated by local regulations.

Open Space Evaluation:

▶ Determine if the remaining space on the site, after accommodating the granny flat, meets the minimum open space requirements outlined in local regulations.

Dual Occupancy Prohibition Check (if applicable):

► If the site is subject to dual occupancy prohibition regulations, investigate whether the site complies with these restrictions.

Consideration of Regional Nuances:

This report does not take into consideration any regional nuances or specific zoning regulations that may apply, especially in cases where different states or regions have varying requirements. For example, consider R-codes in WA or equivalent specific area density codes in other states.



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